

Professional Engineers Ontario

Annual Examinations
07-Elec-A3, December 2016

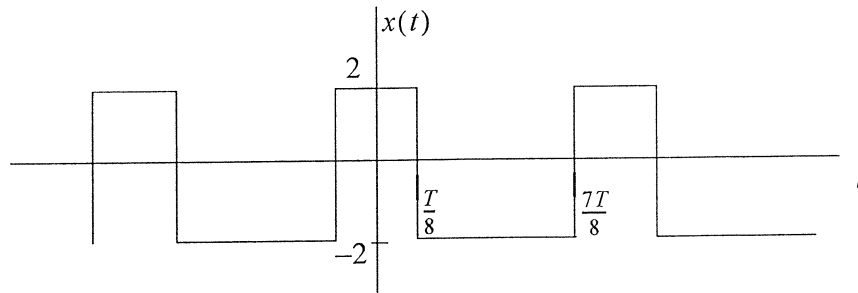
Signals and Communications

3 hours duration

Notes:

- 1) If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper a clear statement of any assumption made.
- 2) “Closed-Book” - no aids other than a standard non-programmable (no text storage) calculator are permitted.
- 3) Any five questions constitute a complete paper. Only the first five questions as they appear in your answer book will be marked.
- 4) All 6 questions are of equal value.

1. The following periodic signal is input to an ideal low pass filter of bandwidth 25 KHz.



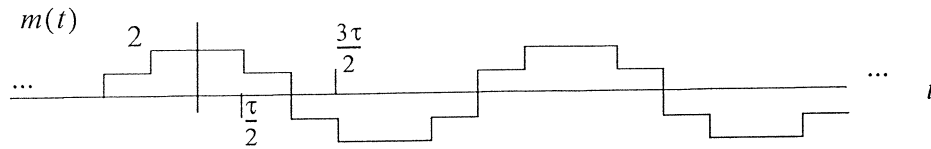
- Determine the average power of the signal $x(t)$.
- If $T = 0.1$ ms, give the output of the filter as a function of time, $y(t)$.
- Determine the average power of the signal $y(t)$.
- Determine the bandwidth of the signal $y(t)$, considered as a baseband signal.
- Now assume that the signal $x(t)$ (with $T = 0.1$ ms) is instead input to an ideal high pass filter with cut-off frequency 8 KHz. Plot the output of the filter.

- 2) A discrete time system is described by the following transfer function

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-2}}$$

- Give a block diagram to implement the system using delay elements, multipliers, and adders. Use the smallest possible number of delay elements (all of the same delay).
- Find the impulse response of the system.
- Give a difference equation, in terms of the input and output, to describe the system.
- Is the system stable?

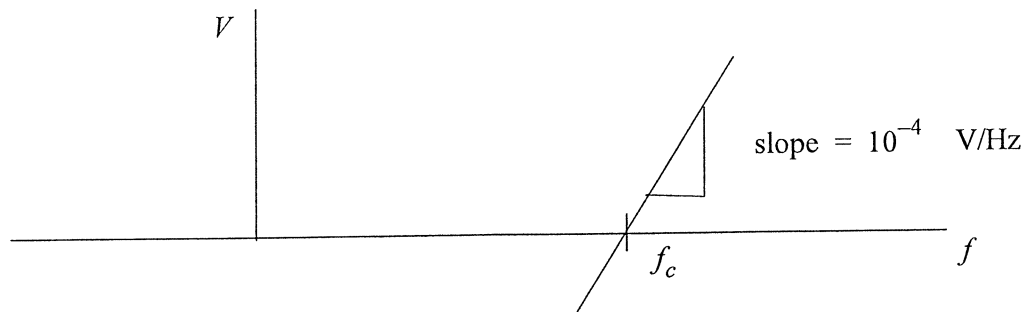
- 3) The following message signal with $\tau = 1$ ms is input to a Double Sideband Modulator (DSB) with carrier frequency $f_c = 10$ KHz. (Note that the plot is to scale and the signal is periodic).



- a) Plot the modulated signal in the time domain.
 - b) Give an exact expression for the DSB signal in the time domain in terms of the message signal $m(t)$, if the average power of the DSB signal is 10.
 - c) Assume an AM modulation scheme with the same message, $m(t)$, with modulation index $\mu = 0.8$. Plot the AM signal in the time domain. (Marks will consider neatness).
 - d) Assuming AM, give an exact expression for the signal in the time domain, in terms of $m(t)$, if the AM signal has an average power equal to 10.
 - e) What is the power efficiency of the AM modulation scheme in c).
 - f) Assume that the AM signal in c) is fed into an envelope detector, give (plot) the output signal.
 - g) Assume that for the signal $m(t)$ we can neglect the harmonics beyond the 7th. Specify the minimum frequency band required to transmit the AM signal (give the lowest and highest frequencies).
- 4) A pulse code modulation (PCM) scheme is used to transmit a video signal with bandwidth equal to 4.5 MHz. As a result of imperfect filters we use a sampling rate that is 15% greater than the minimum theoretical sampling rate required when we have perfect filters. Uniform quantization is used where the quantization error is a maximum of .05% of the peak value of the signal. The transmission uses binary encoding.
- a) Determine the sampling rate for the system.
 - b) Determine the bit rate in the channel.
 - c) What is the SNR of the reconstructed signal if we assume that the video signal can be modeled as having a uniform probability density.

- 5) In a modulation scheme the message signal is given by $m(t) = (\cos 2\pi f_m t)^3 + \frac{\sin(\pi f_m t)}{\pi f_m t}$ and the carrier is equal to $A \cos(2\pi f_c t)$, where $f_c = 20f_m$.
- Plot the spectrum of the message signal. What is the bandwidth?
 - Plot the spectrum of the modulated signal assuming DSB modulation. What is the bandwidth of the signal?
 - Plot the spectrum of the signal assuming lower-sideband SSB. What is the bandwidth of the modulated signal?
 - Give a block diagram of a system to recover the message signal exactly from the DSB signal. The system should work for arbitrary message signals with the same message signal bandwidth.
 - Give a block diagram of a system which takes the DSB signal in b) and outputs a DSB signal with carrier frequency equal to $25f_m$.

- 6) A VCO has the characteristics shown in the following Figure:



- If this VCO is used to implement an FM modulator, give an expression for the output of the FM modulator if the message signal is $m(t)$ and the modulator output power is equal to 10.
- Give the block diagram of a demodulator for the above FM signal.
- Give an approximate value for the bandwidth of the FM signal if the bandwidth and peak value of the message signal are 10 KHz and 2 V respectively.