## National Exams May 2017

### 16-Elec-A5, Electronics

#### 3 hours duration

#### Notes:

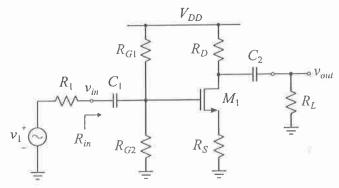
- 1. If any doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit, within their answer, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
- This is a **CLOSED BOOK EXAM**.
  One of two calculators is permitted; any Casio or Sharp approved model.
- 3. Answer all **FIVE** (5) questions.
- 4. All questions are worth 20 marks each.
- 5. Please start each question on a new page and clearly identify the question number and part number, e.g. Q4(a).
- 6. In schematics, ground and chassis may be assumed to be common, unless specifically stated otherwise.
- 7. Unless otherwise specified, assume that Op-Amps are ideal and that supply voltages are ±15V.
- 8. If questions require an answer in essay format, clarity and organization of the answer are important. Provide block diagrams and circuit schematics whenever necessary.

### QUESTION (1)

The following is a single stage common source amplifier circuit.

Given:  $V_{TH} = 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $K = 4 \text{ mA/V}^2$ , and  $\lambda = 0$ 

- a) For a supply voltage  $V_{DD} = 15$  V, design the bias circuit such that  $I_D = 0.5$  mA,  $V_S = 3.5$  V, and  $V_D = 6$  V. Please specify the values for  $R_{G1}$ ,  $R_{G2}$ ,  $R_S$  and  $R_D$ . (10 points)
- b) Assuming that the equivalent input resistance  $R_{in} = 1.67 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 200 \text{ k}\Omega$ , determine the overall small signal voltage gain  $v_1/v_{out}$ . (10 points)



Useful formulae: for n-channel MOSFET

$$i_{DS} = K \left[ \left( v_{GS} - V_{TH} \right) v_{DS} - \frac{1}{2} v_{DS}^2 \right] \label{eq:ideal}$$

triode region

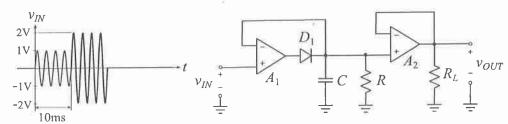
$$i_{DS} = \frac{1}{2} K \left( v_{GS} - V_{TH} \right)^2 \left( 1 + \lambda v_{DS} \right)$$

saturation region

## **QUESTION (2)**

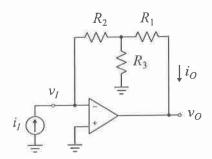
- a) For the op amp circuit below, sketch accurately the output voltage waveform (as a function of time). Given:  $R = R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $C = 2 \mu\text{F}$  (16 points)
- b) What is the function of this circuit?

(4 points)



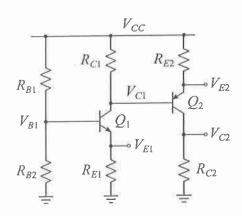
#### **QUESTION (3)**

Derive the current gain  $i_0/i_1$  as a function of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$  for the following circuit. (20 points)



#### **QUESTION (4)**

For the transistor circuit below, determine  $V_{B1}$ ,  $V_{E1}$ ,  $V_{C1}$ ,  $V_{B2}$ ,  $V_{E2}$ ,  $V_{C2}$ ,  $I_{C1}$ ,  $I_{B1}$ ,  $I_{C2}$ , and  $I_{B2}$ . Given:  $R_{B1} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_{B2} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_{C1} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_{E1} = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_{C2} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_{E2} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ . You can assume that the current gain for both transistors is  $\beta = 100$ . (20 points)



# **QUESTION (5)**

In the following circuits, assume that all the diodes are ideal and has a forward voltage of 0.7 V. Given  $RC \gg T$ , sketch accurately the output waveforms for each circuit. (20 points)

